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10/757,055	01/14/2004	Kevin E. Spaulding	87433RLO	4831	
Pamela R. Croc	7590 02/07/2007	EXAMINER			
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Rochester, NY	14650-2201	2609			
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

 			Application	ı No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/757,055 SPAULDING ET AL.		AL.				
		F	Examiner		Art Unit			
			Max Shikhn	nan	2609			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi or Reply	cation appe	ars on the	cover sheet with the o	correspondence a	ddress		
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MA Insions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commit period for reply is specified above, the maximum sta- re to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months al- aded patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DA of 37 CFR 1.136 unication. tutory period will will, by statute, c	TE OF THI 6(a). In no even I apply and will cause the applic	S COMMUNICATION t, however, may a reply be tire expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ation to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this (ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status				٠				
1)⊠.	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <i>01/14/</i>	2004		÷			
·		2b)⊠ This a		n-final				
•		•			nsecution as to th	e merits is		
٥/١	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
	·	oc under Ex	pario qua	yic, 1000 O.B. 11, 4	00 0.0. 210.			
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the a	pplication.		ř				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/ar	e withdrawi	n from con	sideration.				
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected.							
7)[Claim(s) is/are objected to.			•	,			
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or	election re	quirement.	•			
Applicati	on Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 14 January 2004 is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any object	ction to the di	rawing(s) be	held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction	n is require	d if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P' nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 1/29/2007.	TO-948)	;	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal R 6) Other:	ate			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-4, 6-19 and 21-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gruzdev (PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20030002095).

() Regarding Claim 1:

Gruzdev discloses, a method for applying an image enhancement algorithm to input digital images represented in different input color spaces comprising:

- a) identifying the input color space of an input digital image;
- ([0020] on Page 3, "taking an image with colors represented within a color system or color space; defining a color or range of colors in an image that is to be modified.")
- b) applying a color space transformation to the input digital image represented in the input color space to form a corresponding input digital image in a reference color space;
- ([0020] "converting a representation of this color to a color space."
- [0042] "convert the target replacement color specification into a reference color space.")

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c) adjusting one or more algorithm parameters of the image enhancement algorithm in response

to the identified input color space;

([0020] "permitting a definition of hue, lightness and saturation (or their equivalents) if the

current color space does not permit this.")

d) and applying the image enhancement algorithm with the one or more adjusted algorithm

parameters to the corresponding input digital image in the reference color space to produce an

enhanced digital image in the reference color space.

([0020] "replacing the hue and, optionally the saturation or lightness or both of this color with a

hue (and as desired, the saturation and lightness) selected from a specified target color to form

a replacement color.")

() Regarding Claim 2:

The method according to claim 1 wherein the reference color space is an extended color gamut

color space.

([0042] "every color in the original image may be converted to the reference color space.")

() Regarding Claim 3:

The method according to claim 1 wherein the input color space is a limited color gamut color

space.

([0020] "taking an image with colors represented within a color system or color space, for

instance, in the RGB color space, defining a color or range of colors in an image that is to be

modified;")

() Regarding Claim 4:

The method according to claim 1 wherein the reference color space represents an estimate of the colors in an original scene.

([0041] "A fourth method of defining the target replacement color is to select it from another image." "A fifth method of defining the target replacement color is to select it from the image being modified."

[0042] "convert the target replacement color specification into a reference color space.")

() Regarding Claim 6:

The method according to claim 4 wherein the input color space is a video RGB color space, (Video RGB is inherent. [0020] "taking an image with colors represented within a color system or color space, for instance, in the RGB color space; defining a color or range of colors in an image that is to be modified;")

and wherein the color space transformation is substantially an inverse of a color adjustment function used to map original scene colors to corresponding colors appropriate for display on a video display.

([0020] "converting a representation of this color to a color space."

"a look-up table in the original color space to convert the specific colors of the image.")

() Regarding Claim 7:

The method according to claim 6 wherein the inverse color adjustment function produces corresponding input digital images in the reference color space having reduced highlight color saturation for highlight color values compared with corresponding original scene colors.

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([0020] "replacing the hue and, optionally the saturation or lightness or both of this color with a hue (and as desired, the saturation and lightness) selected from a specified target color to form a replacement color; converting the replacement color (as measured in the second color space format, e.g., hue, saturation and lightness) to the original color space format.")

() Regarding Claim 8:

The method according to claim 1 further including the step of applying an output color space transformation to the output digital image in the reference color space to form a corresponding output digital image in an output color space.

([0020] "converting the replacement color (as measured in the second color space format, e.g., hue, saturation and lightness) to the original color space format.")

() Regarding Claim 9:

The method according to claim 8 wherein the output color space is the same as the input color space.

([0020] "converting the replacement color (as measured in the second color space format, e.g., hue, saturation and lightness) to the original color space format.")

() Regarding Claim 10:

The method according to claim 1 wherein the image enhancement algorithm is an adaptive tone scale enhancement algorithm.

(ABSTRACT: The color correction device may include a means for creating a tone reproduction curve based on conceptually moving one or other limit of a range of image color values in order to provide a tone reproduction curve with improved rendering of the color correction.

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[0021] "FIG. 1 shows a series of tone reproduction curves before and after adjustment")

() Regarding Claim 11:

The method according to claim 1 wherein the image enhancement algorithm is a color enhancement algorithm.

(ABSTRACT: "color correction device... improved rendering of the color."

[0011] "a means of correcting a specific color or specific range of colors in an image." [0011]
[0014].)

() Regarding Claim 12:

The method according to claim 1 wherein the image enhancement algorithm is a noise reduction algorithm.

([0040] "this reduces the effect of image noise on the definition of the source color." [0014] modifying specific dark or light colors, or specific ranges of such colors in an image without introducing unpleasant artifacts in the remaining colors of the image or loss of image detail.)

() Regarding Claim 13:

The method according to claim 1 wherein the image enhancement algorithm is a sharpening algorithm.

(Sharpening is inherent. ABSTRACT: "improved rendering of the color correction." [0004] "range of colors is rendered correctly."

[0011] "correcting a specific color or specific range of colors in an image wherein remaining colors (e.g., colors and/or ranges of colors outside the scope of the specific color and/or specific

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range selected) are modified to a degree smaller than the change in the color or color range being corrected."

[0014] "modifying specific dark or light colors, or specific ranges of such colors in an image without introducing unpleasant artifacts in the remaining colors of the image or loss of image detail.")

() Regarding Claim 14:

The method according to claim 1 wherein a sequence of image enhancement algorithms are applied to the corresponding input digital image in the reference color space.

([0020] "permitting a definition of hue, lightness and saturation (or their equivalents) if the current color space does not permit this; computing the hue, saturation and lightness of the color in this color space; replacing the hue and, optionally the saturation or lightness or both of this color with a hue (and as desired, the saturation and lightness) selected from a specified target color to form a replacement color; converting the replacement color (as measured in the second color space format, e.g., hue, saturation and lightness.")

() Regarding Claim 15:

The method according to claim 1 wherein the one or more algorithm parameters control whether or not a component of the image enhancement algorithm is applied.

([0011] "a means of correcting a specific color or specific range of colors in an image."

[0018] "system for modifying a specific color or specific range of colors in an image by providing the operator with a means to prepare and retain a set of replacement colors.")

() Regarding Claim 16:

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A method for applying an image enhancement algorithm to input digital images represented in different input color spaces comprising: a) identifying the input color space of an input digital image;

([0020] on Page 3, "taking an image with colors represented within a color system or color space; defining a color or range of colors in an image that is to be modified.")

b) applying a color space transformation to the input digital image represented in the input color space to form a corresponding input digital image in a reference color space;

([0020] "converting a representation of this color to a color space."

[0042] "convert the target replacement color specification into a reference color space.")

c) selecting a version of the image enhancement algorithm according to the identified input color space: and

([0020] "permitting a definition of hue, lightness and saturation (or their equivalents) if the current color space does not permit this." "replacing the hue and, optionally the saturation or lightness or both.")

d) applying the selected version of the image enhancement algorithm to the corresponding input digital image in the reference color space to produce an enhanced digital image in the reference color space.

([0020] "replacing the hue and, optionally the saturation or lightness or both of this color with a hue (and as desired, the saturation and lightness) selected from a specified target color to form a replacement color.")

() Regarding Claim 17:

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The method according to claim 16 where the reference color space is an extended color gamut color space.

([0042] "every color in the original image may be converted to the reference color space.")

() Regarding Claim 18:

The method according to claim 16 where the input color space is a limited color gamut color space.

([0020] "taking an image with colors represented within a color system or color space, for instance, in the RGB color space; defining a color or range of colors in an image that is to be modified;")

() Regarding Claim 19:

The method according to claim 16 where the reference color space represents an estimate of the colors in an original scene.

([0041] "A fourth method of defining the target replacement color is to select it from another image." "A fifth method of defining the target replacement color is to select it from the image being modified."

[0042] "convert the target replacement color specification into a reference color space.")

() Regarding Claim 21:

The method according to claim 19 where the input color space is a video RGB color space,

(*Video RGB* is inherent. [0020] "taking an image with colors represented within a color system or color space, for instance, in the RGB color space; defining a color or range of colors in an image that is to be modified;")

and wherein the color space transformation is substantially an inverse of a color adjustment function used to map original scene colors to corresponding colors appropriate for display on a video display.

([0020] "converting a representation of this color to a color space."

"a look-up table in the original color space to convert the specific colors of the image.")

() Regarding Claim 22:

The method according to claim 21 where the inverse color adjustment function produces corresponding input digital images in the reference color space having reduced highlight color saturation for highlight color values compared with corresponding original scene colors.

([0020] "replacing the hue and, optionally the saturation or lightness or both of this color with a hue (and as desired, the saturation and lightness) selected from a specified target color to form a replacement color; converting the replacement color (as measured in the second color space format, e.g., hue, saturation and lightness) to the original color space format.")

() Regarding Claim 23:

([0020] "converting the replacement color (as measured in the second color space format, e.g., hue, saturation and lightness) to the original color space format.")

() Regarding Claim 24:

The method according to claim 16 wherein the selected version of the image enhancement algorithm is an adaptive tone scale enhancement algorithm.

(ABSTRACT: The color correction device may include a means for creating a tone reproduction curve based on conceptually moving one or other limit of a range of image color values in order to provide a tone reproduction curve with improved rendering of the color correction.

[0021] "FIG. 1 shows a series of tone reproduction curves before and after adjustment")

() Regarding Claim 25:

The method according to claim 16 wherein the selected version of the image enhancement algorithm is a color enhancement algorithm.

(ABSTRACT: "color correction device... improved rendering of the color."

[0011] "a means of correcting a specific color or specific range of colors in an image."

[0011]-[0014]:)

() Regarding Claim 26:

enhancement algorithm is a noise reduction algorithm.

([0040] "this reduces the effect of image noise on the definition of the source color."

[0014] modifying specific dark or light colors, or specific ranges of such colors in an image without introducing unpleasant artifacts in the remaining colors of the image or loss of image detail.)

The method according to claim 16 wherein the selected version of the image

() Regarding Claim 27:

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The method according to claim 16 wherein the selected version of the image enhancement algorithm is a sharpening algorithm.

(Sharpening is inherent. ABSTRACT: "improved rendering of the color correction." [0004] "range of colors is rendered correctly."

[0011] "correcting a specific color or specific range of colors in an image wherein remaining colors (e.g., colors and/or ranges of colors outside the scope of the specific color and/or specific range selected) are modified to a degree smaller than the change in the color or color range being corrected."

[0014] "modifying specific dark or light colors, or specific ranges of such colors in an image without introducing unpleasant artifacts in the remaining colors of the image or loss of image detail.")

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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4. Claims 5 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gruzdev (PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20030002095) in view of Capitant (US-PAT-NO: 5321500).

Gruzdev discloses input color space represents the colors of a photographic negative. ([0020] on Page 3, "taking an image with colors represented within a color system or color space; defining a color or range of colors in an image that is to be modified.") Gruzdev also discloses, [0020] "constructing a look-up table in the original color space to convert the specific colors of the image". However, Gruzdev does not disclose: the color space transformation is an inverse film sensitometry transformation.

Capitant discloses color space transformation is an inverse film sensitometry transformation. (Column 7, lines 50-55, "film transform section includes logarithm look-up tables 90, 92, and 94, masking matrix 96, parameter registers 112, and reverse sensitometry and linearizing look-up tables 98, 101, and 103."

Column 8, line 23-25, "reverse sensitometry.")

As Capitant says in Column 7, lines 36-45, and shows in Figure 6, it may be desirable to "perform a limited type of color transformation, namely the transformation of the colors of the digitized images generated by camera processor 12 (as a result of scanning motion picture film) into colors that would have been generated if the subject had been imaged directly by a video camera (i.e., without intermediate filming and film scanning steps)." Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the method of Capitant, which involves reverse sensitometry, into Gruzdev's method, to digitally color correct the digitized images from motion picture film (Capitant's column 1, "FIELD OF THE INVENTION"). Capitant's look up tables can be incorporated into Gruzdev's look up tables.

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Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Benz (US 20020067518 A1) discloses, "Process and apparatus for the manufacture of a digital color picture."

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Max Shikhman whose telephone number is (571) 270-1669. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:30AM-5:00PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shuwang Liu can be reached on (571) 272-3036. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Max Shikhman

1/29/2007

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